## Property Tax Cap Calculation under Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011

(This analysis calculates the allowable tax levy for 2024-25 school year)

ENTER DATA ONLY IN CELLS SHADED IN YELLOW

## Calculate "Adjusted" Current Year Tax Levy Threshold:

1) Subtract 2)	Tax Levy 2023-24 Tax Cap Reserve Amount (including interest earned) from FYE 2023 <b>sub-total</b>	22,045,571.00 - = 22,045,571.00	2023-24 Levy   22,045,571.00     2% increase   102%
Multiply: 3)	Tax Base Growth Factor(Provided by Tax and Finance)sub-total	x <u>1.0036</u> = <u>22,124,935.06</u>	Old Method w/ 2% = <u>22,486,482.42</u> \$ Chg 440,911.42
Add: 4)	PILOTS - 2023-24 sub-total	+ 275,000.00 = 22,399,935.06	
Subtract: 5a) 5b)	Value of claims and judgments > 5% of total tax levy Local share after aid of current (2023-24) allowable capital expenses	- 308,192.00	
Equals:	Adjusted 2023-24 Current Year Tax Levy	=22,091,743.06	
Multiply: 6)	Calculate Projected Tax Levy Threshold 2023-24 Allowable Levy Growth Factor (1 + inflation factor, up to 2%) Provided by Dept. of Labor sub-total	x <u>1.02</u> = <b>22,533,577.92</b>	
Subtract: 7)	Projected PILOTS for 2024-25	- 191,900.00	
Add: 8)	Available Carryover (If any)	+	
Equals:	2024-25 TAX LEVY LIMIT (to be submitted to State Comptroller, Commissioner of Tax & Finance and the Commissioner of Education by March 1st) =	= 22,341,677.92	- Determines simple/super majority vote
Add: 9a) 9b) 9c) 9d)	<u>Calculate Coming Year Exemptions:</u> Value of any claims and/or judgments greater than 5% for 2024-25 year ERS Employer Contribution Amount TRS Employer Contribution Amount Local share after aid of 2024-25 allowable capital expenditures	+ + 8,032 + +560,835	
Equals:	Maximum Allowable Tax Levy for 2024-25 (requiring a simple majority vote)	= 22,910,545.22	2024-25 Adj Levy = 22,910,545.22   2023-24 Levy = 22,045,571.00   \$ Change = 864,974.22

3.92%

% change =