FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2022



Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Fulton City School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fulton City School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fulton City School District, New York, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Fulton City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Fulton City School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 49-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fulton City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2022 on our consideration of Fulton City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Fulton City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Bar & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 7, 2022

Fulton City School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Fulton City School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the Fulton City School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Fulton City School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$45,777,582 (net position), an increase of \$10,422,925 from the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes, accounted for \$77,277,429, or 86% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$12,562,280, or 14% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$13,931,738, a decrease of \$3,933,101 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the debt service fund, are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
	Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements								
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary	Instances in which the School District administers resources on						
	,	or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies						
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net assets statement of changes in fiduciary net assets						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was less on June 30, 2022 than the year before, increasing to \$45,777,582, as shown in the table below.

	 Government	Total <u>Variance</u>	
ASSETS:	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 61,816,824	\$ 32,379,540	\$ 29,437,284
Capital Assets	66,521,570	59,632,602	 6,888,968
Total Assets	\$ 128,338,394	\$ 92,012,142	\$ 36,326,252
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 26,228,652	\$ 27,689,742	\$ (1,461,090)
LIABILITIES:			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 47,278,674	\$ 57,046,050	\$ (9,767,376)
Other Liabilities	18,675,258	13,737,516	4,937,742
Total Liabilities	\$ 65,953,932	\$ 70,783,566	\$ (4,829,634)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 42,835,532	\$ 14,396,665	\$ 28,438,867
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 40,856,622	\$ 38,054,950	\$ 2,801,672
Restricted For,			
Accrued Benefits Liability Reserve	3,736,852	3,736,852	-
Reserve for ERS	2,809,555	2,809,555	-
Other Purposes	4,505,599	6,533,492	(2,027,893)
Unrestricted	 (6,131,046)	(16,613,196)	10,482,150
Total Net Position	\$ 45,777,582	\$ 34,521,653	\$ 11,255,929

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There were three restricted net asset balances: Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve, Reserve for ERS, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$6,131,046.

Key Variances:

- At the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District had made substantial progress towards the completion of the \$15.1 million project authorized by the voters in 2019.
- The District's long-term debt obligations decreased \$10 million as a result of debt payments made and changes to the OPEB and pension liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

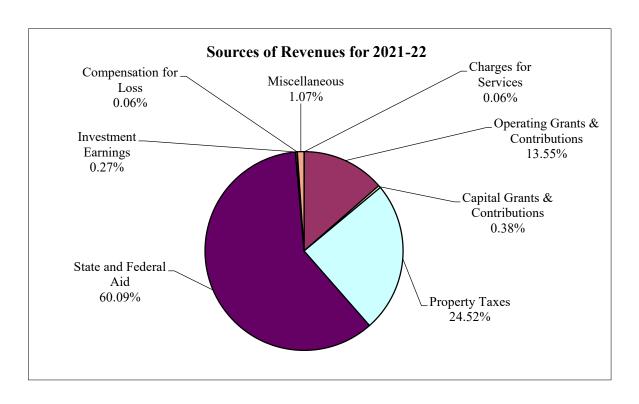
The District's total revenue increased 15% to \$89,839,709. Approximately 60% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources, while 25% came from property taxes. The remaining 15% of the revenue came from operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

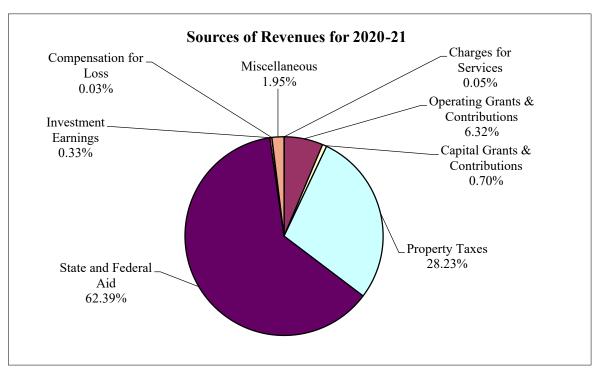
The total cost of all the programs and services increased to \$79,416,784. The District's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students, or Instruction (77%). General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance, and administration of the District, accounted for 13% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

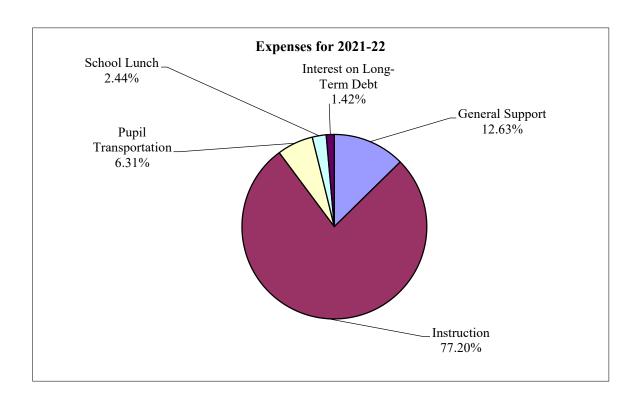
Governme-X-ctivities Variance REVENUES: 2022 2021 Program- Charges for Service \$ 51,016 \$ 35,939 \$ 15,077 Operating Grants & Contributions 12,174,135 4,927,191 7,246,944 Capital Grants & Contributions 337,129 548,370 2211,241 Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 Beneral- *** \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General 7,72,777,429 72,466,746 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES 8,983,970 7,978,246 11,861,463 Pupil Transportation 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 <				Total			
REVENUES: Program - S 51,016 \$ 35,939 \$ 15,077 Operating Grants & Contributions 12,174,135 4,927,191 7,246,944 Capital Grants & Contributions 337,129 548,370 (211,241) Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 General - Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Governmen</th> <th colspan="4">Variance</th>			Governmen	Variance			
Program - Charges for Service \$ 51,016 \$ 35,939 \$ 15,077 Operating Grants & Contributions 12,174,135 4,927,191 7,246,944 Capital Grants & Contributions 337,129 548,370 (211,241) Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 General - *** *** *** \$ 7,050,780 Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 \$ 5,333,226 \$ 15,928 \$ 5,333,226 \$ 15,928 \$ 14,8653,789 \$ 5,333,226 \$ 11,225,424 \$ 11,225 \$ 14,8653,789 \$ 15,918 \$ 15,918 \$ 15,918 \$ 15,918 \$ 17,977,779 \$ 15,921,779 <t< th=""><th></th><th colspan="3">2022</th><th>2021</th><th></th><th></th></t<>		2022			2021		
Charges for Service \$ 51,016 \$ 35,939 \$ 15,077 Operating Grants & Contributions 12,174,135 4,927,191 7,246,944 Capital Grants & Contributions 337,129 548,370 (211,241) Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 General - *** *** *** Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	REVENUES:						
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Capital Grants & Contributions 337,129 548,370 (211,241) Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 General - Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: General Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,3	Charges for Service	\$	51,016	\$	35,939	\$	15,077
Total Program \$ 12,562,280 \$ 5,511,500 \$ 7,050,780 General - Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,	Operating Grants & Contributions		12,174,135		4,927,191		7,246,944
General - Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$	Capital Grants & Contributions		337,129		548,370		(211,241)
Property Taxes \$ 22,033,070 \$ 22,017,142 \$ 15,928 State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated f	Total Program	\$	12,562,280	\$	5,511,500	\$	7,050,780
State and Federal Aid 53,987,015 48,653,789 5,333,226 Investment Earnings 244,989 256,284 (11,295) Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87	General -		_				
Investment Earnings	Property Taxes	\$	22,033,070	\$	22,017,142	\$	15,928
Compensation for Loss 47,721 16,278 31,443 Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	State and Federal Aid		53,987,015		48,653,789		5,333,226
Miscellaneous 964,634 1,523,253 (558,619) Total General \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES 79,416,784 79,323,793 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION 10,422,925 (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR 45,777,582 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Investment Earnings		244,989		256,284		(11,295)
Total General TOTAL REVENUES \$ 77,277,429 \$ 72,466,746 \$ 4,810,683 EXPENSES: Seneral Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Compensation for Loss		47,721		16,278		31,443
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 89,839,709 \$ 77,978,246 \$ 11,861,463 EXPENSES: Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Miscellaneous		964,634		1,523,253		(558,619)
EXPENSES: General Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Total General	\$	77,277,429	\$	72,466,746	\$	4,810,683
General Support \$ 10,033,171 \$ 9,874,059 \$ 159,112 Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	TOTAL REVENUES	\$	89,839,709	\$	77,978,246	\$	11,861,463
Instruction 61,308,767 62,594,810 (1,286,043) Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	EXPENSES:						
Pupil Transportation 5,013,061 4,332,400 680,661 School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	General Support	\$	10,033,171	\$	9,874,059	\$	159,112
School Lunch 1,936,341 1,414,223 522,118 Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Instruction		61,308,767		62,594,810		(1,286,043)
Interest 1,125,444 1,108,301 17,143 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Pupil Transportation		5,013,061		4,332,400		680,661
TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 79,416,784 \$ 79,323,793 \$ 92,991 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	School Lunch		1,936,341		1,414,223		522,118
CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,422,925 \$ (1,345,547) NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	Interest		1,125,444		1,108,301		17,143
NET POSITION, BEGINNING 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	79,416,784	\$	79,323,793	\$	92,991
OF YEAR 35,354,657 35,867,200 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	10,422,925	\$	(1,345,547)		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 45,777,582 \$ 34,521,653 Restated for GASB 87 833,004	NET POSITION, BEGINNING						
Restated for GASB 87 833,004	OF YEAR		35,354,657		35,867,200		
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	45,777,582	\$	34,521,653		
RESTATED NET POSITION \$ 35,354,657	Restated for GASB 87				833,004		
	RESTATED NET POSITION			\$	35,354,657		

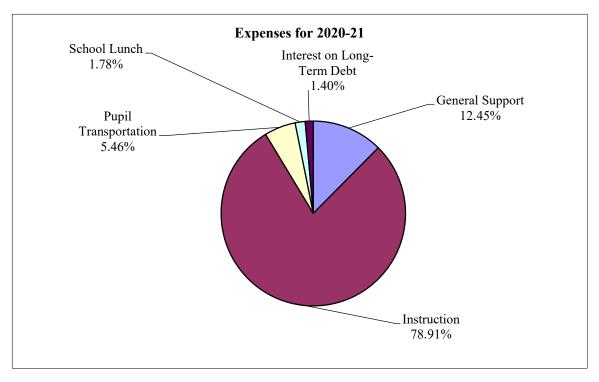
Key Variances:

- As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the District experienced a sharp increase in available grant funds. The District is utilizing these funds to expand programs and opportunities for students. Most of this additional funding consists of one-time allocations that will expire in the 2024-2025 fiscal year.
- New York State has increased its educational funding and, as a result, the District received approximately \$3.8 million more state aid than the prior year. New York State's renewed commitment to fully funding foundation aid was the driver behind this increase.









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$13,931,738, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$17,864,839.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$16,865,076. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$2,009,075 compared with the prior year. See table below:

				Total
General Fund Balances:		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$	501,794	\$ 532,390	\$ (30,596)
Restricted		10,037,313	10,037,313	-
Assigned		571,392	349,523	221,869
Unassigned		5,754,577	3,936,775	1,817,802
Total General Fund Balances	\$	16,865,076	\$ 14,856,001	\$ 2,009,075

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$704,079. This change is attributable to \$349,523 of carryover encumbrances from the 2020-21 school year, \$3,600 for gifts and donations, and \$350,956 for ESSER and GEER budget.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget	
	Variance	
	Original	
	Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		With the implementation of GASB 87, certain purchases previously
		budgeted under contractual expenses were moved to be recognized as
Debt Service-Principal	\$613,222	lease debt service principal payments.

	Budget Variance Amended	
Expenditure Items:	Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Expenditure rems.	Actual	The District had lower than anticipated expenditures for electricity, natural gas, and telephone expenditures. These expenses were severely reduced during the COVID-19 pandemic and the District budget reflected expenditures that reflected a return to normal spending levels, however, these expenditures only returned to normal
Central Services	\$649,819	levels partway through the 2021-2022 fiscal year.
Instructional Media	(\$1,711,082)	The District had higher than anticipated expenditures for the implementation of its instructional technology programs. The District has a one-to-one Chromebook program which experienced loss due to damage and misplacements during the COVID-19 pandemic. The District spent funds to continue operating the program, update classroom technology, and ensure students and staff would have the capacity for online instruction should there be future closures due to COVID-19.
		The District is self-insured and manages its own insurance plan. During the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the District's insurance plan experienced fewer than anticipated expenditures. As a result, the District did not spend all of the funds that were allocated for this purpose. The District anticipates that these expenditures will continue to return to historic levels as staff return to normal activities after the
Employee Benefits	\$3,348,977	COVID-19 pandemic.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the District had invested 64,007,196 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>			
Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 496,155	\$	496,155		
Work in Progress	10,585,453		3,848,489		
Buildings and Improvements	52,084,549		54,347,366		
Machinery and Equipment	841,039		940,592		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 64,007,196	\$	59,632,602		
Lease Assets:					
Equipment	\$ 2,514,374	\$	1,420,465		
Total Lease Assets	\$ 2,514,374	\$	1,420,465		

More detailed information can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$47,278,674 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

Type	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 14,160,000	\$ 17,025,000
Lease Liability	756,096	587,461
Energy Performance Contract	5,816,454	6,357,218
OPEB	22,290,655	24,556,804
Net Pension Liability	-	4,291,883
Retainage Payable	40,309	-
Transportation Aid Deduction	-	1,075,430
Compensated Absences	4,215,160	3,739,715
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 47,278,674	\$ 57,633,511
Compensated Absences		3,739,715

More detailed information can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

• The District's enrollment has been relatively steady over the past several years, however, the District is cognizant that enrollment across New York State has been declining and this may impact future enrollment in the District. The District is still recovering from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Additionally, the District continues to incorporate sustainability into its budget to be able to absorb program costs currently supported by COVID-19 stimulus funding.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Fulton City School District 129 Curtis Street Fulton, NY 13069

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,265,926
Investments	66,785
Accounts receivable	10,476,224
Inventories	192,715
Prepaid items	501,794
Net pension asset	28,313,380
Capital Assets:	
Land	496,155
Work in progress	10,585,453
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	55,439,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 128,338,394
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 26,228,652
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,006,305
Accrued liabilities	2,879,698
Unearned revenues	7,059
Due to other governments	617,306
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,100,536
Due to employees' retirement system	215,751
Bond anticipation notes payable	10,000,000
Other Liabilities	848,603
Long-Term Obligations:	010,003
Due in one year	4,507,645
Due in more than one year	42,771,029
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 65,953,932
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 42,835,532
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 40,856,622
Restricted For:	, ,
Reserve for employee retirement system	2,809,555
Accrued benefit liability reserve	3,736,852
Other purposes	4,505,599
Unrestricted	(6,131,046)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 45,777,582
	, ,

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

									N	et (Expense)		
									R	evenue and		
									(Changes in		
]	Progra	m Revenue	S		Net Position			
					OĮ	perating		Capital				
			Ch	arges for	Gr	ants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	<u>S</u>	<u>ervices</u>	Con	<u>tributions</u>	Co	ntributions		Activities		
Primary Government -												
General support	\$	10,033,171	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(10,033,171)		
Instruction		61,308,767		28,348		9,575,420		337,129		(51,367,870)		
Pupil transportation		5,013,061		_		-		-		(5,013,061)		
School lunch		1,936,341		22,668		2,598,715		-		685,042		
Interest		1,125,444		_						(1,125,444)		
Total Primary Government	\$	79,416,784	\$	51,016	\$ 1	2,174,135	\$	337,129	\$	(66,854,504)		
	Gene	ral Revenues:										
	Pro	perty taxes							\$	22,033,070		
	Sta	te and federal a	id							53,987,015		
	Inv	estment earning	gs							244,989		
	Cor	mpensation for	loss							47,721		
	Mis	scellaneous								964,634		
Total General Revenues									\$	77,277,429		
Changes in Net Position									\$	10,422,925		
	Net	t Position, Begi	inning	of Year (re	stated)					35,354,657		
	Net	t Position, End	of Yea	ar					\$	45,777,582		

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

		Special General Aid		Capital Projects			Nonmajor Governmental		Total overnmental		
ASSETS			Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	17,373,235	\$	11,076	\$	4,181,333	\$	700,282	\$	22,265,926
Investments			- 402 104		-		-		66,785		66,785
Receivables			6,403,106		2,701,978		926,623		444,517		10,476,224
Inventories			- 252 256		-		-		192,715		192,715
Due from other funds			2,372,276		-		-		589,015		2,961,291
Prepaid items		ф.	501,794	ф.	2 512 054	ф.	- - -	ф.	1 002 214	ф.	501,794
TOTAL ASSETS		<u> </u>	26,650,411	\$	2,713,054	\$	5,107,956	\$	1,993,314	\$	36,464,735
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC Liabilities -	CES										
Accounts payable		\$	807,388	\$	193,336	\$	-	\$	5,581	\$	1,006,305
Accrued liabilities			2,676,022		30,358		-		21,560		2,727,940
Notes payable - bond anticipation no	otes		-		-		10,000,000		-		10,000,000
Due to other funds			588,970		2,371,959		45		317		2,961,291
Due to other governments			499,859		117,401		-		46		617,306
Due to TRS			3,100,536		, <u>-</u>		-		-		3,100,536
Due to ERS			215,751		_		_		_		215,751
Other liabilities			848,603		_		_		_		848,603
Unearned revenue			-		_		_		7,059		7,059
TOTAL LIABILITIES		•	8,737,129	\$	2,713,054	\$	10,000,045	\$	34,563	\$	21,484,791
TOTAL EIABILITIES		Ψ	0,737,127	Ψ	2,713,034	Ψ	10,000,043	Ψ	34,303	Ψ	21,404,771
<u>Deferred Inflows</u> - Deferred inflows of resources		\$	1,048,206	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,048,206
Fund Balances -											
Nonspendable		\$	501,794	\$	-	\$	-	\$	192,715	\$	694,509
Restricted			10,037,313		-		283,358		731,335		11,052,006
Assigned			571,392		-		-		1,034,701		1,606,093
Unassigned			5,754,577		_		(5,175,447)		-		579,130
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		\$	16,865,076	\$	_	\$	(4,892,089)	\$	1,958,751	\$	13,931,738
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND		Ψ_	10,000,070	Ψ		Ψ_	(1,022,002)	Ψ	1,500,701	Ψ	10,501,700
FUND BALANCES		\$	26,650,411	\$	2,713,054	\$	5,107,956	\$	1,993,314		
	Amounts reported f Statement of Net Po Capital assets/right to and therefore are not Taxes receivable is do on fund basis, while t	osition o use a repor eferre	are different assets used in g ted in the fund and for those am	beca gover s. ounts	nuse: nmental activi	er nin	ety (90) days	l reso	ources		66,521,570
	accrual basis.	mose	amounts are re	coruc	as revenue	on ui	e iuii				1,048,206
											1,048,200
	Interest is accrued on but not in the funds.	outst	anding bonds i	in the	statement of	net p	osition				(151,758)
	The following long-tecurrent period and the Serial bonds payab Leases Retainage OPEB Compensated abse Energy performance Net pension asset Deferred outflow - Deferred inflow - Deferred inflow - Deferred inflow - One Position of Gove	ences ce con pens OPE	ntract ion B on B	ted in						-	(14,160,000) (756,096) (40,309) (22,290,655) (4,215,160) (5,816,454) 28,313,380 19,149,446 7,079,206 (35,720,207) (7,115,325) 45,777,582

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	21,898,297	\$		\$		\$		\$	21,898,297
Charges for services	φ	28,348	Ψ	_	φ	_	φ	_	φ	28,348
Use of money and property		244,606				_		(19,604)		225,002
Sale of property and compensation for loss		37,725		_		_		(17,001)		37,725
Miscellaneous		885,192		50,374		_		43,849		979,415
State sources		52,447,721		1,350,131		337,129		47,973		54,182,954
Federal sources		463,864		8,174,915		-		2,550,742		11,189,521
Sales		-		-		_		22,668		22,668
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	76,005,753	\$	9,575,420	\$	337,129	\$	2,645,628	\$	88,563,930
EXPENDITURES										
General support	\$	8,527,036	\$	215,359	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,742,395
Instruction		40,377,846		7,857,750		-		-		48,235,596
Pupil transportation		4,621,191		150,273		-		-		4,771,464
Employee benefits		15,300,960		1,392,763		-		212,171		16,905,894
Debt service - principal		4,018,986		-		-		-		4,018,986
Debt service - interest		1,109,934		-		-		-		1,109,934
Cost of sales		-		-		-		1,119,599		1,119,599
Other expenses		-		-		-		624,955		624,955
Capital outlay		-		-		7,815,641				7,815,641
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	73,955,953	\$	9,616,145	\$	7,815,641	\$	1,956,725	\$	93,344,464
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	2,049,800	\$	(40,725)	\$	(7,478,512)	\$	688,903	\$	(4,780,534)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	40,725	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,725
Transfers - out		(40,725)		-		-		-		(40,725)
Proceeds from obligations		-		-		781,857		-		781,857
Premium on obligations issued		-						65,576		65,576
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(40,725)	\$	40,725	\$	781,857	\$	65,576	\$	847,433
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	2,009,075	\$	-	\$	(6,696,655)	\$	754,479	\$	(3,933,101)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		14,856,001				1,804,566		1,204,272		17,864,839
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	16,865,076	\$		\$	(4,892,089)	\$	1,958,751	\$	13,931,738

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (3,933,101)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 7,815,641
Additions to Assets, Net	1,958,358
Depreciation and Amortization	(4,305,496)

5,468,503

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 4,018,986
Proceeds from Lease Obligations	(781,857)

3,237,129

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

(15,510)

The retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(40,309)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.

1,210,203

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

76,198

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System	4,203,315
Employees' Retirement System	691,942

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

(475,445)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

10,422,925

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS	C	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	144,953
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	144,953
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	144,953
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	144,953

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	custodial
ADDITIONS		<u>Funds</u>
Library taxes	\$	447,384
Miscellaneous		178,955
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	626,339
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activity	\$	170,579
Library taxes		447,384
Other custodial awards		921
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	618,884
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	7,455
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		137,498
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	144,953

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Fulton City School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Fulton City School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. <u>Joint Venture</u>

The District is a component of the Oswego County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$10,344,327 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$6,232,290

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>**Debt Service Fund**</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 24, 2021. Taxes are collected during the period September 6, 2021 to April 5, 2022.

The City and Counties in which the District is located enforce uncollected real property taxes. An amount representing all uncollected real property taxes must be transmitted by the City to the District within two years from the return of unpaid taxes to the City. Real property taxes receivable expected to be collected within 60 days of year-end, less similar amounts collected during this period in the preceding year are recognized as revenues. Otherwise, deferred revenues offset real property taxes receivable.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>reshold</u>	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Right To Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 6 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds' statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a payas-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds' financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Equity Classifications

1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	Total
Unemployment Costs	\$ 18,000
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,000,000
Capital Projects	283,358
Insurance	1,500,000
Tax Certiorari	415,135
Debt	485,291
Capital	557,771
Scholarships	246,044
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 4,505,599

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$6,131,046 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- **a.** Nonspendable Fund Balance Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes \$501,794 of noncurrent receivables and \$192,715 of inventory in the school lunch fund.
- **Restricted Fund Balances** Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			Total
Name	Maximum	Total Funding	Year to Date
<u>of Reserve</u>	Funding	Provided	Balance
2012 Bldg Capital Reserve	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 557,771

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and the School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

5		Total
General Fund -		
Unemployment Costs	\$	18,000
Retirement Contribution - ERS		2,809,555
Retirement Contribution - TRS		1,000,000
Insurance		1,500,000
Tax Certiorari		415,135
Capital Reserves		557,771
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		3,736,852
Capital Fund -		
Energy Performance Contract - 2020		283,358
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -		
Scholarships		246,044
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>		
Debt Service		485,291
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$:	11,052,006

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30,2022.
- **d.** Assigned Fund Balance Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$99,500, the Capital Projects Fund to be \$14,000, and the Special Aid Fund to be \$8,500. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

General Fund -	
General Support	\$ 210,388
Instruction	124,158
Total General Fund Significant Encumbrances	\$ 334,546
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u> Capital Improvements	\$ 2,928,503
Special Aid Fund - Instructional	\$ 75,093

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 462,510
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	108,882
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	1,034,701
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 1,606,093

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> —Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2022, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14

GASB has issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

GASB has issued Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in GASB Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to GASB Statement 53 and GASB Statement 63)

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs)*, which will effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of GASB Statement 53), which will effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	Government-Wide		
	Statements		
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	34,521,653	
Right to use assets		2,598,013	
Accumulated amortization		(1,177,548)	
Lease Liability		(587,461)	
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	35,354,657	

III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for leases. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The budget was amended \$3,600 for miscellaneous donations and \$350,956 for ESSER and GEER budget during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of yearend are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$4,892,089 at June 30, 2022, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

D. New York State Real Property Tax Law

The District's unreserved undesignated fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year.

V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	2,259,534
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	 20,030,100
Total	\$ 22,289,634

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$11,052,006 within the governmental funds and \$144,953 in the fiduciary funds.

VI. Investments

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds) and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- **A.** Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- **B.** Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- C. Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Fund</u> Miscellaneous	arrying amount	Unrealized Investment Gain/(Loss)		Type of Invesment	<u>Category</u>	
AMCAP Fund A	Special Revenue	\$ 66,785	\$	-	Mutual Fund	В	

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities												
	General		Special Aid		Capital Projects		Non-N	Iajor						
Description		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total				
Accounts Receivable	\$	1,856,916	\$	10,645	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,867,561				
Due From State and Federal		4,546,190		2,691,333		926,623	444	1,517		8,608,663				
Total Receivables	\$	6,403,106	\$	2,701,978	\$	926,623	\$ 444	,517	\$	10,476,224				

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

			Inte	rfund				
	R	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>	R	evenues	Expenditures		
General Fund	\$	2,372,276	\$ 588,970	\$	-	\$	40,725	
Special Aid Fund		-	2,371,959		40,725		-	
Capital Projects Fund		-	45		-		-	
Nonmajor Funds		589,015	317		_			
Total	\$	2,961,291	\$ 2,961,291	\$	40,725	\$	40,725	

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

IX. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	Balance 7/1/2021	<u>Additions</u>		Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2022</u>		
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -							
Land	\$ 496,155	\$	-	\$ -	\$	496,155	
Work in progress	 3,848,489		7,855,950	 1,118,986		10,585,453	
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 4,344,644	\$	7,855,950	\$ 1,118,986	\$	11,081,608	
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -	 _			 _		_	
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 98,500,969	\$	131,887	\$ -	\$	98,632,856	
Machinery and equipment	 3,839,294		118,163	 290,663		3,666,794	
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 102,340,263	\$	250,050	\$ 290,663	\$	102,299,650	
Less Accumulated Depreciation -							
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 44,153,603	\$	2,394,704	\$ -	\$	46,548,307	
Machinery and equipment	2,898,702		217,716	290,663		2,825,755	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 47,052,305	\$	2,612,420	\$ 290,663	\$	49,374,062	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net							
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 55,287,958	\$	(2,362,370)	\$ 	\$	52,925,588	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 59,632,602	\$	5,493,580	\$ 1,118,986	\$	64,007,196	

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance					Balance	
Type	7/1/2021	Additions	Dele	<u>etions</u>	6/30/2022		
Lease Assets:							
Equipment	\$ 2,598,013	\$ 2,786,985	\$		\$	5,384,998	
Total Lease Assets	\$ 2,598,013	\$ 2,786,985	\$	-	\$	5,384,998	
Less Accumulated Amortization -	_				,	_	
Equipment	\$ 1,177,548	\$ 1,693,076	\$	-	\$	2,870,624	
Total Accumulated Amortization	\$ 1,177,548	\$ 1,693,076	\$	-	\$	2,870,624	
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$ 1,420,465	\$ 1,093,909	\$	-	\$	2,514,374	

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

	Total
Depreciated Capital Assts (net)	\$ 52,925,588
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	 2,514,374
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 55,439,962

(IX.) (Continued)

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Depreciation	Amortization	<u>Total</u>			
General Government Support	\$ 207,810	\$ -	\$ 207,810			
Instruction	2,339,859	1,693,076	4,032,935			
Pupil Transportation	34,483	-	34,483			
School Lunch Total Depreciation and	30,268		30,268			
Amortization Expense	\$ 2,612,420	\$ 1,693,076	\$ 4,305,496			

X. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Balance			Balance
	Maturity	Rate	7/1/2021	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2022
BAN	11/5/2021	1.50%	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -
BAN	7/22/2022	1.25%		 10,000,000	 	 10,000,000
Total S	Short-Term Deb	t	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 10,000,000

Interest on short-term debt for June 30, 2022 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 125,000
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(58,750)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 81,314
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 147,564

XI. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2021</u>	Additions		Deletions		Balance <u>6/30/2022</u>		Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds and Notes Payable -									
Serial Bonds	\$ 17,025,000	\$	-	\$	2,865,000	\$	14,160,000	\$	2,995,000
Lease Liability	587,461		781,857		613,222		756,096		493,580
Energy Performance Contracts	6,357,218		-		540,764		5,816,454		557,240
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 23,969,679	\$	781,857	\$	4,018,986	\$	20,732,550	\$	4,045,820
Other Liabilities -									
Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,291,883	\$	-	\$	4,291,883	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB	24,556,804		-		2,266,149		22,290,655		-
Retainage	-		40,309		-		40,309		40,309
Transportation aid deduction	1,075,430		-		1,075,430		-		-
Compensated Absences	3,739,715		475,445		-		4,215,160		421,516
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 33,663,832	\$	515,754	\$	7,633,462	\$	26,546,124	\$	461,825
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 57,633,511	\$	1,297,611	\$	11,652,448	\$	47,278,674	\$	4,507,645

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

(XI.) (Continued)

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

Description	Original <u>Amount</u>		Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding <u>6/30/2022</u>		
Serial Bonds -								
Construction &								
BOCES Project	\$	5,366,293	2014	2023	2%-3%	\$	595,000	
Reconstruction	\$ 1	0,735,000	2017	2032	3%-5%		8,040,000	
Reconstruction	\$	7,290,000	2018	2025	2%-5%		5,525,000	
Total Serial Bonds						\$	14,160,000	
Energy Performance Contract -								
Energy Performance Contract 2011	\$	4,146,817	2011	2027	3.89%	\$	1,800,749	
Energy Performance Contract 2021	\$	4,253,055	2021	2037	1.97%		4,015,705	
Total EPC						\$	5,816,454	
Leases -								
Installment Purchase Agreement 1	\$	730,476	2020	2023	1.90%	\$	123,632	
Installment Purchase Agreement 2	\$	285,960	2021	2023	1.63%		110,915	
Installment Purchase Agreement 3	\$	781,857	2022	2024	1.34%		521,549	
Total Leases						\$	756,096	

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial Bonds Energy Performance Contract							Contract	Leases				
<u>Year</u>		Principal		Interest		Principal Principal]	Interest	F	<u>rincipal</u>	I	nterest	
2023	\$	2,995,000	\$	686,250	\$	557,240	\$	144,482	\$	493,580	\$	8,656	
2024		2,510,000		557,750		574,277		127,276		262,516		2,641	
2025		2,635,000		432,750		591,897		109,488		-		-	
2026		740,000		301,000		610,118		91,097		-		-	
2027		775,000		264,000		628,964		72,081		-		-	
2028-32		4,505,000		697,750		1,474,563		219,078		-		-	
2033-37		-		-		1,379,395		77,115		-		-	
Total	\$	14,160,000	\$	2,939,500	\$	5,816,454	\$	840,617	\$	756,096	\$	11,297	

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$5,705,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2022 was composed of:

Interest Paid Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	Ф	984,934
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year		(77,498) 70,444
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	<u>\$</u>	977,880
Total Bong-Term Interest Expense	Ψ	711,000

XII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows	Inflows		
Pension	\$ 19,149,446	\$ 35,720,207		
OPEB	7,079,206	7,115,325		
Total	\$ 26,228,652	\$ 42,835,532		

XIII. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2022:

Contributions	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2022	\$ 1.023.095	\$ 3,100,536

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement date	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Jı	ine 30, 2021
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	1,845,567	\$	26,467,813
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.0226%		0.1527%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expenses (income) of \$200,495 for ERS and (\$1,424,842) for TRS. At June 30, 2022 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

(XIII.) (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		ERS	TRS		ERS		<u>TRS</u>
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	139,767	\$ 3,648,307	\$	181,286	\$	137,512
Changes of assumptions		3,080,044	8,705,817		51,972		1,541,672
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on pension plan							
investments		-	-		6,043,457		27,701,305
Changes in proportion and differences							
between the District's contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		240,161	342,485		11,682		51,321
Subtotal	\$	3,459,972	\$ 12,696,609	\$	6,288,397	\$	29,431,810
District's contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		215,751	 2,777,114		_		
Grand Total	\$	3,675,723	\$ 15,473,723	\$	6,288,397	\$	29,431,810

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2022	\$ -	\$ (3,324,126)
2023	(368,983)	(3,962,050)
2024	(610,263)	(5,003,747)
2025	(1,523,137)	(6,622,494)
2026	(326,042)	1,286,086
Thereafter	-	891,130
Total	\$ (2,828,425)	\$ (16,735,201)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%
COLA's	1.40%	1.30%

(XIII.) (Continued)

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

Long 1 erm Expected Rate of Return				
ERS	TRS			
March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021			
3.30%	6.80%			
5.85%	7.60%			
0.00%	7.10%			
6.50%	10.00%			
5.00%	6.50%			
4.10%	0.00%			
4.10%	0.00%			
5.58%	0.00%			
0.00%	0.00%			
-1.00%	0.00%			
-1.00%	0.00%			
0.00%	5.90%			
0.00%	3.30%			
0.00%	3.80%			
0.00%	1.30%			
0.00%	0.80%			
0.00%	-0.20%			
3.78%	0.00%			
	ERS March 31, 2022 3.30% 5.85% 0.00% 6.50% 5.00% 4.10% 4.10% 5.58% 0.00% -1.00% -1.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% % for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate :

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1%	% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$	(4,750,468)	\$ 1,845,567	\$ 7,362,831
TRS Employer's proportionate	1%	% Decrease (<u>5.95%)</u>	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	2,777,411	\$ 26,467,813	\$ 46,377,877

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)			
	ERS	TRS		
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 223,874,888	\$ 130,819,415		
Plan net position	232,049,473	148,148,457		
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 8,174,585	\$ (17,329,042)		
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	103.65%	113.20%		

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$215,751.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$3,100,536.

XIV. <u>Postemployment Benefits</u>

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	169
Active Employees	601
Total	770

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$22,290,655 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

(XIV.) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary Increases Vary by pension retirement system membership

Discount Rate 3.54% as of June, 30, 2022

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 5.70% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04% by 2075

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond index.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected fully generationally using MP-2020.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 24,556,804
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 1,086,684
Interest	536,247
Differences between expected and actual experience	173,733
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(2,419,513)
Benefit payments	 (1,643,300)
Net Changes	\$ (2,266,149)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 22,290,655

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16 percent in 2021 to 3.54 percent in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount					
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase			
	<u>(2.54%)</u>	<u>(3.54%)</u>	<u>(4.54%)</u>			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 24,015,956	\$ 22,290,655	\$ 20,704,549			

(XIV.) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	<u>1</u>	% Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rates	<u>1</u>	% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	21,075,421	\$	22,290,655	\$	23,715,205

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,567,102. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and	 <u> </u>				
actual experience	\$ 5,521,100	\$	-		
Changes of assumptions	 1,558,106		7,115,325		
Total	\$ 7,079,206	\$	7,115,325		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2023	\$ (55,829)
2024	(55,829)
2025	19,272
2026	96,500
2027	96,500
Thereafter	 (136,733)
Total	\$ (36,119)

XV. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Self-Funded Medical Plan

The District participates in a self-funded medical plan administered by POMCO. The Plan is referred to as a premium credit plan. The District pays actual claim expenses and administrative charges. The District also, has stop-loss insurance coverage on specific claims in excess of \$160,000.

Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired, or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

The incurred but not reported claims (IBNR's) are fully funded and reported in the General Fund – Accrued Liabilities at June 30, 2022.

A reconciliation of the claims recorded for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Beginning liabilities	\$ 1,232,482	\$ 1,193,819
Incurred claims	8,744,360	9,963,140
Claims payments	 (8,965,565)	 (9,924,477)
Ending Liabilities	\$ 1,011,277	\$ 1,232,482

The following statistical information is presented:

	Co	ntribution	Actual Claim				
Year	-	Revenue		<u>Expense</u>			
2022	\$	8,744,360	\$	8,965,565			
2021	\$	9,963,140	\$	9,924,477			
2020	\$	9,742,541	\$	9,527,823			
2019	\$	8,524,074	\$	8,636,483			
2018	\$	9,975,898	\$	9,887,688			
2017	\$	8,579,233	\$	8,531,948			

Contribution revenues consist of the expenditures charged to the funds plus the employee's payroll withholding plus the retiree's contribution. There are additional revenues which offset the claim expense such as rebates and refunds which are not included in contribution revenues.

The Plan has funded the incurred but not yet reported claims liability. The funding of this liability indicates that the plan's self-funded insurance program is fully funded.

C. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2021-22 fiscal year totaled \$2,353. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2022 was \$18,000 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2022, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XVI. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

The District has received two notices of claim, the financial impact of these claims is not determinable at this time.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XVII. Rental of District Property

The District leases property to BOCES. Total rental income for the 2021-22 fiscal year totaled \$229,700.

XVIII. Tax Abatement

The City of Fulton, the County of Oswego IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$636,428. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$279,029 to help offset the property tax reduction.

XIX. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the School's financial condition, liquidity, voter approved budgets, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, budgets, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the School is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2023.

In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the Federal Government passed several COVID relief acts which include funding for elementary and secondary education. The School District was awarded three different stimulus packages known as Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES), Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). New York State Required the CARES funds to be reported in the General fund, as an offset to state aid reductions, referred to as the Pandemic Adjustment, while the CRRSA and ARPA funds are required to be reported in the special aid fund.

The District Federal stimulus spending can be found in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on page 59 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

TOTAL OF ED LIABILITY													
		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>				
Service cost	\$	1,086,684	\$	859,934	\$	654,747	\$	740,671	\$	748,603			
Interest		536,247		444,984		621,155		875,664		804,932			
Changes in benefit terms		-		(28,887)		-		-		-			
Differences between expected													
and actual experiences		173,733		4,260,300		843,559		2,079,428		-			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(2,419,513)		389,010		1,574,668		(6,627,203)		(1,143,531)			
Benefit payments		(1,643,300)		(1,280,253)		(2,103,980)		(1,254,670)		(772,945)			
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(2,266,149)	\$	4,645,088	\$	1,590,149	\$	(4,186,110)	\$	(362,941)			
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	24,556,804	\$	19,911,716	\$	18,321,567	\$	22,507,677	\$	22,870,618			
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	22,290,655	\$	24,556,804	\$	19,911,716	\$	18,321,567	\$	22,507,677			
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	38,945,473	\$	33,449,801	\$	31,775,500	\$	27,240,773	\$	31,955,000			
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cov	ered												
Employee Payroll		57.24%		73.41%		62.66%		67.26%		70.44%			

¹⁰ years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

NYSERS Pension Plan <u>2022</u> <u>2021</u> <u>2020</u> <u>2019</u> <u>2018</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2015</u> Proportion of the net pension 0.022577% 0.021593% liability (assets) 0.022443% 0.020566% 0.021007% 0.021075% 0.022300% 0.020000% Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) \$ (1,845,567) 22,347 5,445,980 1,488,388 680,188 \$ 2,028,890 3,586,695 954,605 6,816,733 \$ 6,832,219 \$ 6,733,903 \$ 6,670,974 6,472,639 \$ 6,484,136 5,763,227 Covered-employee payroll \$ 6,163,878 Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll -27.074% 0.327% 80.874% 22.311% 10.509% 31.290% 58.189% 16.564% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total 103.65% 94.70% 90.70% 97.90% pension liability 99.95% 86.39% 96.27% 98.24% **NYSTRS Pension Plan** 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Proportion of the net pension liability (assets) 0.152737% 0.154510% 0.156962%0.158870%0.160424% 0.160400% 0.165600%0.160000%Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) \$ (26,467,813) \$ 4,269,536 \$ (4,077,879) \$ (2,872,784) \$ (1,219,379) \$ 1,717,822 \$ (17,199,643) \$ (17,823,743) \$ 28,356,360 \$ 26,946,235 \$ 26,199,482 \$ 26,509,897 \$ 26,123,675 \$ 25,261,896 \$ 25,290,181 Covered-employee payroll \$ 26,636,175 Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll -93.340% 16.029% -15.133% -10.965% -4.600% 6.576% -68.085% -70.477% Plan fiduciary net position as

102.20%

101.53%

100.66%

99.01%

110.46%

111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

97.80%

113.20%

a percentage of the total pension liability

Required Supplementary Information FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

			NYSERS P	ension Plan								
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,023,095	\$ 946,130	\$ 941,176	\$ 955,383	\$ 944,126	\$ 1,004,775	\$ 1,175,682	\$ 1,113,300				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,023,095)	(946,130)	(941,176)	(955,383)	(944,126)	(1,004,775)	(1,175,682)	(1,113,300)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,816,733	\$ 6,832,219	\$ 6,733,903	\$ 6,670,974	\$ 6,472,639	\$ 6,484,136	\$ 6,163,878	\$ 5,763,227				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.01%	13.85%	13.98%	14.32%	14.59%	15.50%	19.07%	19.32%				
	NYSTRS Pension Plan											
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,100,536	\$ 2,725,541	\$ 2,548,257	\$ 3,059,109	\$ 2,796,669	\$ 3,244,047	\$ 3,525,781	\$ 4,615,376				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required												
contribution	(3,100,536)	(2,725,541)	(2,548,257)	(3,059,109)	(2,796,669)	(3,244,047)	(3,525,781)	(4,615,376)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 28,356,360	\$ 26,636,175	\$ 26,946,235	\$ 26,199,482	\$ 26,509,897	\$ 26,123,675	\$ 25,261,896	\$ 25,290,181				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.93%	10.23%	9.46%	11.68%	10.55%	12.42%	13.96%	18.25%				

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

${\bf Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance\ -}$

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Current	Over (Under)		
	Original		Amended	Year's		Revised	
	Budget		Budget	Revenues		Budget	
REVENUES							
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$ 21,613,305	\$	17,999,039	\$ 17,844,074	\$	(154,965)	
Real property tax items	435,000		4,049,266	4,054,223		4,957	
Charges for services	68,000		68,000	28,348		(39,652)	
Use of money and property	365,700		365,700	244,606		(121,094)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	5,000		5,000	37,725		32,725	
Miscellaneous	911,200		914,800	885,192		(29,608)	
State Sources -							
Basic formula	39,402,179		39,402,179	39,127,245		(274,934)	
Lottery aid	7,000,000		7,000,000	6,719,480		(280,520)	
BOCES	5,501,896		5,501,896	6,232,290		730,394	
Textbooks	186,691		186,691	187,158		467	
All Other Aid -							
Computer software	114,280		114,280	114,066		(214)	
Library loan	19,875		19,875	6,939		(12,936)	
Handicapped students	-		-	60,543		60,543	
Federal Sources	 250,000		600,956	463,864		(137,092)	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 75,873,126	\$	76,227,682	\$ 76,005,753	\$	(221,929)	
Appropriated reserves	\$ 356,874	\$	356,874				
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 349,523	\$	349,523				
TOTAL REVENUES AND							
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/							
FUND BALANCE	\$ 76,579,523	\$	76,934,079				

Required Supplementary Information

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Amended		Year's			Un	encumbered
	Budget	Budget	\mathbf{E}	<u>xpenditures</u>	Encumbrances			Balances
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$ 21,770	\$ 30,770	\$	23,760	\$	-	\$	7,010
Central administration	281,091	283,591		280,902		-		2,689
Finance	631,299	707,799		641,373		25,640		40,786
Staff	428,374	464,374		442,644		-		21,730
Central services	6,159,575	6,171,575		5,337,008		184,748		649,819
Special items	1,829,133	1,829,133		1,801,349		-		27,784
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,285,492	3,192,492		3,612,256		23,154		(442,918)
Teaching - regular school	18,742,298	18,507,938		17,623,433		41,838		842,667
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions	9,592,168	9,592,168		9,869,176		42,404		(319,412)
Occupational education	1,207,832	1,207,832		1,137,540		-		70,292
Teaching - special schools	596,000	596,900		715,146		-		(118,246)
Instructional media	3,041,706	2,771,980		4,474,556		8,506		(1,711,082)
Pupil services	3,038,231	3,195,931		2,945,739		8,256		241,936
Pupil Transportation	4,398,862	4,428,862		4,621,191		53,053		(245,382)
Employee Benefits	18,732,449	18,724,849		15,300,960		74,912		3,348,977
Debt service - principal	3,434,229	4,047,451		4,018,986		-		28,465
Debt service - interest	 1,049,014	 1,070,434		1,109,934		-		(39,500)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 76,469,523	\$ 76,824,079	\$	73,955,953	\$	462,511	\$	2,405,615
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$ 110,000	\$ 110,000	\$	40,725	\$	_	\$	69,275
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES	\$ 76,579,523	\$ 76,934,079	\$	73,996,678	\$	462,511	\$	2,474,890
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,009,075				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 14,856,001	 14,856,001		14,856,001				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 14,856,001	\$ 14,856,001	\$	16,865,076				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget

And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 76,230,000
Prior year's encumbrances			349,523
Original Budget			\$ 76,579,523
Budget revisions -			
Gifts & Donations			3,600
ESSER and GEER Budget			350,956
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 76,934,079
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULA	TIO	N:	
2022-23 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 79,129,000
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>			
Assigned fund balance	\$	571,392	
Unassigned fund balance	_	5,754,577	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	6,325,969	
Less adjustments:			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	108,882	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		462,510	
Total adjustments	\$	571,392	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of			
Real Property Tax Law			 5,754,577
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			 7.27%

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Expenditures	_						
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State		Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance
2020 EPC Project	\$ 4,253,055	\$ 4,253,055	\$ 1,899,782	\$ 2,069,915	\$ 3,969,697	\$ 283,358	\$ 4,253,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,253,055	\$ 283,358
2019 Project	15,100,000	15,100,000	1,948,707	4,626,740	6,575,447	8,524,553	-	1,400,000	-	1,400,000	(5,175,447)
SSBA	3,971,619	3,971,619	1,017,828	337,129	1,354,957	2,616,662	-		1,354,957	1,354,957	-
Leases	781,857	781,857		781,857	781,857			781,857		781,857	
TOTAL	\$ 24,106,531	\$ 24,106,531	\$ 4,866,317	\$ 7,815,641	\$ 12,681,958	\$ 11,424,573	\$ 4,253,055	\$ 2,181,857	\$ 1,354,957	\$ 7,789,869	\$ (4,892,089)

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Special

	Revenue Funds							Total	
		School	Mi	scellaneous		Debt	N	Nonmajor	
		Lunch	Spec	cial Revenue		Service	Governmental		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,460	\$	179,576	\$	485,246	\$	700,282	
Investments		-		66,785		-		66,785	
Receivables		444,517		-		-		444,517	
Inventories		192,715		-		-		192,715	
Due from other funds		588,970		-		45		589,015	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,261,662	\$	246,361	\$	485,291	\$	1,993,314	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES <u>Liabilities</u> -									
Accounts payable	\$	5,581	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,581	
Accrued liabilities		21,560		-		-		21,560	
Due to other funds		-		317		-		317	
Due to other governments		46		-		-		46	
Unearned revenue		7,059		-		-		7,059	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	34,246	\$	317	\$		\$	34,563	
Fund Balances -									
Nonspendable	\$	192,715	\$	-	\$	-	\$	192,715	
Restricted		-		246,044		485,291		731,335	
Assigned		1,034,701		-		_		1,034,701	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	1,227,416	\$	246,044	\$	485,291	\$	1,958,751	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,261,662	\$	246,361	\$	485,291	\$	1,993,314	

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combined Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Special

	Revenue Funds							Total
	School Lunch <u>Fund</u>		Miscellaneous Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
REVENUES								
Use of money and property	\$	7	\$	(19,987)	\$	376	\$	(19,604)
Miscellaneous		36,117		7,732		-		43,849
State sources		47,973		-		-		47,973
Federal sources		2,550,742		-		-		2,550,742
Sales		22,668						22,668
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,657,507	\$	(12,255)	\$	376	\$	2,645,628
EXPENDITURES								
Employee benefits	\$	212,171	\$	_	\$	-	\$	212,171
Cost of sales		1,119,599		_		-		1,119,599
Other expenses		613,280		11,675		-		624,955
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	1,945,050	\$	11,675	\$	-	\$	1,956,725
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	712,457	\$	(23,930)	\$	376	\$	688,903
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Premium on obligations issued	\$		\$		\$	65,576	\$	65,576
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	\$		\$		\$	65,576	\$	65,576
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	712,457	\$	(23,930)	\$	65,952	\$	754,479
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR		514,959		269,974		419,339		1,204,272
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	1,227,416	\$	246,044	\$	485,291	\$	1,958,751

Supplementary Information FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital assets/right to use assets, net		\$ 66,521,570
Add: Unspent bond proceeds	\$ 283,358	283,358
Deduct:		
Bond payable	\$ 14,160,000	
Leases	756,096	
Energy performance contracts	5,816,454	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	5,175,447	
Retainage payable	 40,309	
		 25,948,306
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 40,856,622

FULTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program		Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Total <u>Expenditures</u>	
U.S. Department of Education:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -					
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-21-0711	\$	216
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-22-0711		960,169
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-22-0711		53,829
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - ARP	84.027X	N/A	5532-22-0711		6,290
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - ARP	84.173X	N/A	5533-22-0711		5,052
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	1,025,556
Education Stabilization Funds -					
ARP - ESSER III	84.425U	N/A	5880-21-2335	\$	3,195,934
ARP - SLR Summer Enrichment	84.425U	N/A	5882-21-2335		98
ARP - SLR Comprehensive Learning	84.425U	N/A	5883-21-2335		42,016
ARP - SLR Learning Loss	84.425U	N/A	5884-21-2335		51,799
CARES Act - ESSER	84.425D	N/A	5890-21-2335		151,694
CARES Act - GEER	84.425C	N/A	5895-21-2335		195,734
CRRSA - ESSER II	84.425D	N/A	5891-21-2335		1,824,184
Total Education Stabilization Funds				\$	5,461,459
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-22-2335	\$	161,230
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	N/A	0006-22-2335		60,230
Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	N/A	0006-21-2335		1,020
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-22-2335		67,546
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-22-2335		4,114
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	N/A	0212-22-3003		53,417
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0011-22-2070		18,795
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0011-21-2070		24,009
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-21-2335		22,047
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-22-2335		1,324,255
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	8,223,678
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Direct Program:					
Passed through Oswego County -					
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	N/A	N/A	\$	298,664
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	75.525	14/11	14/11	\$	298,664
_				Ψ	2>0,001
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Child Nutrition Cluster -	10.555	NT/A	460500010000	ď	1 551 170
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		\$	1,551,178
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	460500010000		202,907
School Breakfast Program - COVID	10.553	N/A	460500010000		681,655
Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement	10.555	N/A	460500010000		41,702
Supply chain Assistance Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	N/A	460500010000	\$	69,012
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.640	NT/A	460500010000	Þ	2,546,454
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.649	N/A	460500010000	ф.	4,207 2,550,661
				<u>\$</u> \$	11,073,003
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS					



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Fulton City School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fulton City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fulton City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 7, 2022